

POLLINATORS

Lesson Plan

Batty Bat Facts

Lesson Plan for *Bats*

Grade 3

Objective

To help students practice vocabulary related to bats.

Things Needed

- *Bats* book
- Batty Bat Facts worksheet (attached)

Before the Activity

Print a copy of the Batty Bat Facts worksheet for each student. Then read *Bats* out loud as a class.

Activity

Pass out the Batty Bat Facts worksheet. Students should use the word bank to fill in the blank in each sentence. They can look through the *Bats* book if they get stuck. Some of the answers will be in the book's glossary on page 31. Other answers will be described in the main text. Remind students to check the book's photo captions and sidebars as well.

Evaluation

Use the attached answer key to give students 1 point for each correct answer, for up to 16 points total.

Standards

This lesson plan may be used to address the Common Core State Standards' language standards, grade 3 (L 3.4).



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Batty Bat Facts

colonies
echolocation
eyesight
habitats
Indonesia
mammals

megabats
microbats
nectar
pests
pollen
pup

roost
sound waves
upside down
white-nose syndrome

1. Bats are flying _____.
2. At least 219 types of bats live in _____.
3. _____ sticks to a bat's furry body.
4. _____ eat fruit and nectar.
5. Many bats live in groups called _____.
6. Without bats, more _____ would harm plants and humans.
7. _____ eat mostly insects.
8. A _____ could be a cave, a tree, or even an attic.
9. Bats hang _____ to rest.
10. Microbats hunt using a sense called _____.
11. A baby bat is called a _____.
12. Some bats are at risk of losing their _____.
13. Echolocation uses _____ to locate objects.
14. Megabats use their strong _____ to find food.
15. _____ is the biggest threat to bats.
16. _____ is a sweet, sugary liquid made by a plant.



Batty Bat Facts Answer Key

colonies
echolocation
eyesight
habitats
Indonesia
mammals

megabats
microbats
nectar
pests
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pup

roost
sound waves
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white-nose syndrome

1. Bats are flying **mammals**.
2. At least 219 types of bats live in **Indonesia**.
3. **Pollen** sticks to a bat's furry body.
4. **Megabats** eat fruit and nectar.
5. Many bats live in groups called **colonies**.
6. Without bats, more **pests** would harm plants and humans.
7. **Microbats** eat mostly insects.
8. A **roost** could be a cave, a tree, or even an attic.
9. Bats hang **upside down** to rest.
10. Microbats hunt using a sense called **echolocation**.
11. A baby bat is called a **pup**.
12. Some bats are at risk of losing their **habitats**.
13. Echolocation uses **sound waves** to locate objects.
14. Megabats use their strong **eyesight** to find food.
15. **White-nose syndrome** is the biggest threat to bats.
16. **Nectar** is a sweet, sugary liquid made by a plant.

